Glossary

- 1. **Distribution free tests:** These are based on very mild and fewer assumptions.
- 2. $F_n(x)$ = Empirical cumulative distribution function of a random variable X.
- 3. F(x) = Cumulative distribution function of a random variable X.
- 4. **Run**: A run is defined as a sequence of letters of one kind surrounded by a sequence of letters of the other kind and the number of elements in a run is usually referred to as the length(L) of the run".
- 5. **Length of run(L)**: Number of letters of one kind in a sequence of letters say, in sequence x_1 , x_2 , y_1 , y_2 , y_3 , y_4 ; here, we have in order, a run of x = 2 (i.e. L = 2), a run of y = 4, (i.e. L = 4).
- 6. **Ranks:** It refers to the data transformation in which numerical or ordinal values are replaced by their rank when the data are sorted.
- 7. Goodness of fit: It is to test the hypothesis that he sample observations $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ is from specified distribution F_0 against the alternative that it is from some other distribution
- 8. **Parameter:** The constant of a population.
- 9. **Statistic:** Function of the sample observations or it is a sample constant
- 10. **Median**: It is the middle most value in the given set of orderly data.