

Glossary

1. **Classified**
It means, arranged in classes or categories; assigned to a category according to its importance.
2. **Possession**
State of possessing something; visible power or control, as distinct from lawful ownership.
3. **Attribute**
A quality or feature regarded as characteristic or inherent.
4. **Manifold**
Having many different forms; various.
5. **Contraries**
Opposite in nature, direction, or meaning.
6. **Implies**
It means to convey the meaning directly or indirectly.
7. **Frequency**
The rate at which something occurs over a particular period or in a given sample.
8. **Symbolically**
It means involving the use of symbols or symbolism.
9. **Contingency table**
A table showing the distribution of one variable in rows and another in columns, used to study the correlation between the two.
10. **Consistence**
It means compatible or in agreement; not containing any logical contradictions.
11. **Induction**
The proof of a theorem by showing that if it is true of any particular case it is true of the next case in a series, and then showing that it is indeed true in one particular case.
12. **Inequality**
A symbolic expression of the fact that two quantities are not equal.
13. **Substituting**

A person or thing acting or serving in place of another; action or an instance of substituting something.
14. **Wage**
A fixed regular payment for work, typically paid on daily or weekly basis.
15. **Charts**
A sheet of information in the form of table, graph or diagram.