

## Glossary

1. **Cartograms**

A cartogram is a map in which some thematic mapping variable, such as travel time or Gross National Product is substituted for land area or distance.

2. **Pictograms**

It is an ideogram, which conveys its meaning through its pictorial resemblance to a physical object.

3. **Dimension**

It is a measure of spatial extent, especially width, height, or length.

4. **Chart**

It is a sheet presenting information in the form of graphs or tables.

5. **Horizontal**

It is parallel to the plane of the horizon.

6. **Vertical**

Being or situated at right angles to the horizon i.e. upright.

7. **Baseline**

It is a line serving as a basis for measurement, calculation, or location.

8. **Minimum**

It is the least possible quantity or degree.

9. **Maximum**

It is the greatest possible quantity or degree.

10. **Independent variable**

It is a variable, whose value determines the value of other variables.

11. **Dependent variable**

It is a variable, whose value is determined by the value of an independent variable.

12. **Chronological**

Arranged in order of time of occurrence

13. **Cylinder**

A solid consisting of two parallel planes bounded by identical closed curves, usually circles, that are interconnected at every point by a set of parallel lines, usually perpendicular to the planes.

14. **Sphere**

It is a three-dimensional surface, all points of which are equidistant from a fixed point.

15. **Cube**

A solid having six plane square faces in which the angle between two adjacent sides is a right angle.