GLOSSARY

Culture Media: A growth medium or culture medium is a solid or semisolid or liquid designed to support the growth of microorganisms or cells.

Gelatinase: it is an enzyme, which is produced by most proteolytic bacteria.

Agar: Agar is a polysaccharide that is derived from red seaweed. Its ability to melt at 85 to 90 °C, solidify at 34 to 42 °C and is used as solidifying agent culture media.

Photoautotrophs: Organisms that have pigments that enable them to utilize solar energy are called photoautotrophs.

Synthetic media: A synthetic or chemically defined media is one whose exact chemical composition is known.

Enriched medium: Addition of extra nutrients in the form of blood, serum, egg yolk etc, to basal medium makes them enriched media.

Selective medium: Selective media are used for the growth of only selected microorganisms.

Differential media: Differential media make it easy to distinguish colonies of desired organisms from nondesirable colonies growing on the same plate.

Basic media: Basal media are basically simple media that supports most non-fastidious bacteria. Peptone water, nutrient broth and nutrient agar are considered as basal medium.