



Glossary

1. Emery: They are rocks with granular surface used to make abrasive equipments.
2. Lagging: materials providing heat insulation for a water tank, pipes, etc
3. Husk: Is the outer shell or coating of a seed. It often refers to the leafy outer covering of an ear of maize (corn) as it grows on the plant.
4. Brown rice: Brown rice is whole grain rice, with the inedible outer husk removed; but with bran layer and cereal germ intact.
5. Huller: A rice *huller* or rice husker is an agricultural machine used to automate the process of removing the chaff (the outer husks) of grains of rice.
6. Bran: Is the hard outer layers of cereal grain. It consists of the combined aleurone and pericarp. It contains 90% of the oil present in the cereals.
7. Sortex: CCD color sorting machines is a highly functional and multi-purpose color sorting machine for grain color sorting.
8. Glutinous rice: Glutinous rice is a type of rice grown mainly in Southeast and East Asia and the eastern parts of South Asia, which has opaque grains, very low amylose content, and is especially sticky when cooked. Also known as sticky rice.
9. Dhenki: *Dhenki* is an old style *rice* mill found in Indian states of Assam and Odisha. It is usually made of hard wood and operated with foot.
10. Head rice: Unbroken grains of milled *rice* with the hull, bran, and germ removed