

Summary

A simple definition of wine is the fermented juice of the grape. Nevertheless any fruit with a good proportion of sugar may be used for wine production. The production of wine is simpler than that of beer in that no need exists for malting since sugars are already present in the fruit juice being used. **India** is a rapidly emerging wine economy in terms of both production and consumption, and has the potential to become a significant player on the world wine scene. This may be predicted from the fact that the country has consistently experienced the highest growth in consumption in the world – around 20–30% a year between 2002 and 2010

The natural wine, rich in sugars, organic acids, glycerol, phenol compounds, amino acids, vitamins – A, B1, B2 and mineral salts, provides a highly nutritional intake and mineralizing for the body. Therefore, the wine has always been recommended for its antianemic, restorative, refreshing and energizing properties. However, it is still an alcoholic drink, and the lack of measurement can lead to serious problems.