#### **Glossary**

### 1.0pportunity cost:

The benefit cost or value of something that must be given up to acquire or achieve something else.

#### 2. Dynamic efficiency

Across in time periods that maximizes the present value of net benefits from the use of resources.

#### 3. Natural capital.

Defines as the natural assets and natural resources at global level

#### 4. Static efficiency

Is concerned is most efficient of resources at given point of time. Also time is not important for decision making.

### 5. Physical capital

It refers to factors of production input into process of production. For example... Machinery, Buildings etc...

## 6. Intertemopral fairness

As equality of opportunity and how much leave for future generations

## 7. Win win strategy

Find a solution with effective and efficient policies and can take more net benefits which can share with each other.

# 8. Scarcity rent

Is the cost of using up a finite resource because benefits of the extracted resources are unavailable to future generations?

## 9. Strong sustainability

Assumes human capital and natural capital are complementary but not interchangeable.

### 10. Environmental sustainability

Can be continued indefinitely, if cannot continued that is not sustainability.