

# [Frequently Asked Questions]

[Consumer Decision Making & Consumer Research Process]

Subject:	Business Economics
Course:	B.A., 5 <sup>th</sup> Semester, Undergraduate
Paper No. & Title:	Paper – 521 (Five Two One) Consumer Behavior
Unit No. & Title:	Unit - 1 Introduction to Consumer behaivor
Lecture No. & Title:	2(Two): Consumer Decision Making & Consumer Research Process

## Frequently Asked Questions

#### Q1. What do you mean by decision or choice?

A1 decision is the immediate result of the process elements of decision-making.

#### Q2. On what does consumer research paradigms focuses in consumer behavior?

A2.The research paradigm in the study of consumer behavior focuses on two approaches i.e., Quantitative research and Qualitative research.

#### Q3. What do you understand by need arousal?

A3.Need arousal is a measurement of whether the individual understands and recognizes the need for a solution and chooses to activate the remainder of the process, or alternatively the need remains latent and the process is truncated.

#### Q4. What are Projective Techniques?

A4.Projective techniques are best used to understand the motives of people when they are unconsciously rational.

#### Q5. What do you mean by information utility?

A5.Information utility can be defined as the collection, processing, and use of information, from any source, to aid in the resolution of the problem or opportunity.

#### Q6. What do you understand by Consumer Characteristics?

A6. Consumer characteristics are a combination of the two inputs of psychological and social influences, with the addition of key demographic indicators.

### Q7. What is Qualitative Research in Consumer Behavior?

A7. This approach makes application of qualitative research techniques to the study of Consumer Behavior.

#### Q8. What are Information Sources?

A8. These variables relate to information from organizations and interpersonal sources as an input to the decision-making process.

#### Q9. What do you mean by Need Arousal?

A9.Need arousal is a measurement of whether the individual understands and recognizes the need for a solution and chooses to activate the remainder of the process, or alternatively the need remains latent and the process is truncated.

#### Q10. What is Decision or choice?

A10. decision is the immediate result of the process elements of decision-making.