

Introduction to Linear programming and Mathematical Problem solving

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GLOSSARY

Objective function

The *objective function* indicates how each variable contributes to the value to be optimized in solving the problem.

Constraints

It refers tominimum or maximum level of some activity or condition

Resource constraints

In a resource constraint, the coefficient $a_{j,i}$ indicates the amount of resource j used for each unit ofactivityi, as represented by the value of the variable X_i . The right-hand side of the constraint (b_j) indicates the total amount of resource j available for the project.

Linear programming

A mathematical method to allocate resources to competing activities in an optimal manner when the problem can be expressed using a linear objective function and linear inequality constraints.

formulation

Formulation is the process oftranslating a real-world problem into a linear program