

## **GLOSSARY:**

**Coordination:** Coordination is the synchronization and integration of elements, activities, responsibilities and/or individuals to ensure that the resources of the individual or the institution are used most effectively in pursuit of the specified objectives.

**Delinquency:** An act of felony committed by a juvenile that is a person who is under the age of 18, who fails to do which is required by law. It sometimes also comprises an act when a person is unable to pay his or her debts or other financial obligations.

**Education:** Education is the act or process of imparting or acquiring general knowledge, developing the powers of reasoning and judgement, bringing about positive changes in the behaviour and generally preparing oneself or others intellectually for a mature and socially accepted and productive life.

**Intangible:** Intangible or not tangible are not visible to the human eyes, they are incapable of being perceived by the sense of touch; they are incorporeal or immaterial things, which may be more valuable than the tangible results or things.

**Personality:** Personality comprises unique traits distinguishing individuals from one another and are a product of social interactions. It comprises the habits, attitudes as well as physical traits of an individual that varies from group to group and society to society. Personality of an individual may be good or bad, pleasant or unpleasant which is mainly influenced by the process of socialization in a culture of a specific group, community, society or country.

**Physiology:** Physiology is a branch of human study which is primarily focused on the study of the functions of the human body and the parts associated with it. It deals with the functions and activities of living organisms and their parts including all physical and chemical processes.

**Psychiatrist:** Psychiatrist is a medical doctor or professional who specializes in mental health, including substance use disorders. They are qualified to access both the mental and physical aspects of psychological problems.

**Recreation:** Any activity engaged in for the sake of fun and enjoyment when one is not working irrespective of age of an individual; recreation is life in itself.

**Refreshment:** Refreshment is an act undergone by professionals in order to get relaxed and break the monotony as in between work. It is not the same as recreation.

**Socio-economic:** A specialized branch of study that shows how an economic activity affects and is shaped by social processes. It analyzes how societies progress, stagnate or regress because of their local or regional economy or the national or global economy.