Glossary

Landlord – One who rents out land, a building, or accommodation.

Security of tenure – the right of a tenant of property to occupy it after the lease expires (unless a court should order otherwise)

Tenant - a person who occupies land or property rented from a landlord.

Contract – a written or spoken agreement, especially one concerning employment, sales, or tenancy, that is intended to be enforceable by law.

Policy– a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by an organization or individual.

Affordability – The extent to which something is affordable, as measured by its cost relative to the amount that the purchaser is able to pay.

Slum – A squalid and overcrowded urban street or district inhabited by very poor people

IHSDP – Integrated Housing and Slum Development Program

NGO – A non-governmental organization (NGO) is a not-forprofit organization that is independent from states and international governmental organizations.

Beneficiary – A person who derives advantage from something, especially a trust, will, or life insurance policy.

Loan - The arrangement of the natural and artificial physical features of an area.

Investment - In an economic sense, an investment is the purchase of goods that are not consumed today but are used in the future to create wealth.

Prefabrication - Prefabrication is the practice of assembling components of a structure in a factory or other manufacturing site, and transporting complete assemblies or sub-assemblies to the construction site where the structure is to be located.