FAQ's

1. What are the principles of urban design?

- 1. Continuity
- 2. Character
- 3. Legibility an Way finding
- 4. Diversity
- 5. Sustainability
- 6. Public realm

2. What is urban design and what does it do?

Urban design is the process of giving form, shape, and character to groups of buildings, to whole neighbourhoods, and the city. It is a framework that orders the elements into a network of streets, squares, and blocks. It involves the arrangement and design of buildings, public spaces, transport systems, services, and amenities. It is the process of giving form, shape, and character to groups of buildings, to whole neighbourhoods, and the city.

3. Explain the role of urban design and urban planning?

Urban city and town planning integrates land use planning and transportation planning to improve the built, economic and social environments of communities.

Urban design is concerned with the arrangement, appearance and functionality of town and cities, and in particular the shaping and uses of urban public space.

4. Explain the spectrum of activities that urban design include?

- 1. Regional Scale, whole city or town.
- 2. City wide, and urban district and self contained community.
- 3. Neighbourhoods and building complexes.
- 4. Impact area of a development.
- 5. Immediate area of individual buildings.

5. Write notes on any 3 principles of urban design? Continuity and Enclosure:

Creates streets and public spaces that are well connected and enclosed by attractive building frontages. Every city is held together by the network of streets and spaces.

Character:

Protect and enhance the buildings, street, materials, landmarks and views that are unique and give the city its identity.

Sustainability:

Create a social, economic and environmentally sustainable city for future. It should be more resource efficient and encouraging economic development and social equity.