

FAQ's

1. What are the elements of art?

Line, shape, form, space, colour, light, value, texture are the basic elements of art.

2. What are the principles of art?

Unity, variety, harmony, rhythm, balance, proportion, emphasis, contrast, movement are the principles in art.

3. Define balance in art and the types with examples.

Balance in art shall refer to the gravitational equilibrium of pairs or group of units that are arranged on either sides of a central axis.

- SYMMETRICAL BALANCE – e.g. Erte, twin sister, 1982.
- ASYMMETRICAL BALANCE – e.g. Ragamala, Solangi Raga (Three females under a tree) 1580 – 1590.
- RADIAL BALANCE – Richard Anuszkiewicz, Iridescence, 1965.

4. What is the difference between value and shade?

Value: The lightness or darkness of a color is called value.

Shade: Shades are dark values that are created by mixing a color with black.

Maroon is a shade of red and navy is a shade of blue.

5. Difference between actual texture and visual texture.

Actual texture: A surface that can be experienced through the senses of touch.

Visual texture: A surface texture where the texture is visually stimulated but could not be experienced by touch.

6. Define Subject, Form, and Content with respect to Art.

Subject – In a descriptive approach to art, subject refers to the persons or things represented, as well as the artists experiences, that serves as inspiration.

Form - the organization or inventive arrangement of all the visual elements according to the principles that will develop unity in the art work.

Content – The expression, essential meaning, significance or aesthetic value of a work of art.